

## ATTENDANCE AT EYE PRIMARY SCHOOL

### If your child is ill

In the case of absence due to illness, medical or dental appointments you should inform the school by telephone leaving a message on the Pupil Absence Line. 01733 222314

Please be aware that it is up to the school to decide whether or not to authorise the absence: a phone call or a letter does not automatically do this. For persistent absence evidence may be requested.

### Medical appointments

Where possible appointments for doctors, dentists and opticians should be made outside of school hours. Where this is not possible, students should attend school prior to, and following the appointment. Evidence, such as an appointment card, will be requested.

### Other appointments

Where possible all appointments should be made outside of school hours. However where this is not possible ie. Embassy or Solicitors appointments, evidence of the appointment will be requested.

### What else do I need to know?

#### Medicines in school

Children should come to school even if they are taking medicines. Medication can be administered at school if it has been prescribed four times a day by a GP. Please make sure the medicine is labelled with your child's name and how often they should take it. A medical form will need to be completed by the parent/carer prior to the medication being administered. Please see a member of the office staff. Medicines will need to be dropped off and picked up from the front office each day as it cannot be returned via your child.

### School nurse

The Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Health Visiting and School Nursing Services are part of the 0-19 Healthy Child Programme. You can contact them on 0300 029 50 50 or Text 07520 649 887.

### Further advice

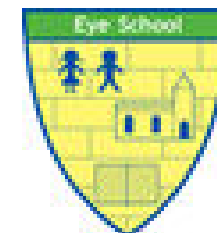
You can also contact NHS Choices on 111 if you need medical help fast or <http://www.nhs.uk/NHSEngland/AboutNHSservices/Emergencyandurgentcareservices>

Local pharmacy – see your local pharmacist for help and advice.

Information in this guide is taken from the Public Health England document "Guidance on Infection Control in School and other Childcare Settings – May 2016

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EYE (COFE) PRIMARY  
SCHOOL



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HEADTEACHER: MR J WEBSTER

# ATTENDANCE

**Should my child go to school today? Think twice, everyday counts!**

## COVID

Follow latest government guidelines.

If your child has a confirmed case of covid then they need to stay off school for 3 days. They can then return to school unless they have a temperature. Please provide proof of positive result to the front office

## Headache, earache or stomach ache

Children with headache, earache or stomach ache can go to school – just let us know that they have felt unwell and we can monitor.

Give paracetamol and plenty of fluids to drink.

*If headache, earache or stomach ache persist.....seek medical advice.*

## Colds

Children should be given paracetamol and plenty of fluids to drink and can be sent to school.

***If your child is asthmatic remember they may need their blue inhaler, this will be kept in the classroom and you will need to complete an inhaler form.***

## Flu

Children should go back to school as soon as they have recovered.

## Sore throat, tonsillitis and glandular fever

Children should be given paracetamol and plenty of fluids to drink and can be sent to school as soon as they are able.

## Diarrhoea and Vomiting

Children can return to school 48 hours after the last episode of vomiting as long as they do not have a high temperature and 48 hours after the last episode of diarrhoea. If the diarrhoea or vomiting persists seek medical advice.

## Head Lice

Children can go to school with head lice once they have been treated for the condition to prevent further spreading. If a child has live head lice during school you will be contacted to collect your child to be treated and they can then return to school afterwards.

Parents should treat their children and other family members by wet combing with a nit comb and conditioner.

## Scabies

Children can return after first treatment.

*Others at home should be treated.*

## Threadworm

Children can go to school once the treatment has started.

*Everyone at home should be treated.*

## Hand, foot and mouth, warts and verrucae, athlete's foot and molluscum contagiosum.

Children can go to school. Verrucae should be covered in swimming pools and changing rooms.

## Scarlet Fever

Children should stay off school for 24hrs after starting antibiotics or until the fever has gone.

## Conjunctivitis

Children can go to school once treatment has started. They should be encouraged to wash their hands to prevent further spread of infection.

## Creams

We are unable to apply cream to children so your child needs to be able to apply this themselves or a parent/ carer will need to attend school to administer

## Impetigo

Children can return to school when the scabs have crusted or 48 hours after antibiotics have been given

## Measles, Chickenpox and German Measles

**Measles** – children should go back to school following advice from the Doctor.

**Chicken pox** – children can go back to school when the spots have scabbed over.

**German measles (Rubella)** – children should go back to school following advice from the Doctor.

*Please let the school know, as pregnant members of staff may be affected.*

## Mumps

Children should go back to school following advice from the Doctor.

## Whooping cough

Children should go back to school following advice from the Doctor. Non-infectious coughing may continue for many weeks.

## Broken Bones

Your child can attend school with a broken bone provided they can get to and from the toilet. A risk assessment will be completed upon return to school.